Bacillus Calmette-Guérin scar flare after an mRNA SARS-CoV-2 vaccine

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34-year-old woman presented to our outpatient clinic with swelling and erythema over the site of her childhood Bacillus Calmette–Guérin (BCG) vaccination scar, 7 days after receiving her first dose of the BNT162b2 (Pfizer-BioNTech) messenger ribonucleic acid (mRNA) vaccine against SARS-CoV-2 on the ipsilateral arm (Figure 1A). She reported associated myalgia and fatigue. The BNT162b2 vaccination site was not inflamed. The second dose of vaccine was completed without incident.

A 45-year-old woman presented to our outpatient clinic with erythema and swelling of her BCG scar on the contralat-

eral arm 4 days after receiving her second dose of the BNT162b2 mRNA vaccine (Figure 1B). The BNT162b2 vaccination site was not inflamed, and her second dose was completed without incident.

In both cases, the swelling and erythema of the BCG scar resolved spontaneously within 7 days, without further treatment.

Sporadic cases of BCG scar inflammation were recently reported after second doses of the mRNA-1273 (Moderna) and BNT162b2 mRNA vaccines, and they followed a similar clinical course to that of our patients.¹ The mechanism of inflammation is not known. We postulate that it could result from T cell bystander stimulation by vaccine-induced immune activation. Reactivation of the BCG scar has been described with influenza vaccination, childhood Kawasaki disease and viral infections;²,³ hence it is possible that non-mRNA-based SARS-CoV-2 vaccines could lead to similar reactions. Immune cross-reactivity of the lipid nanoparticles in mRNA-based vaccines

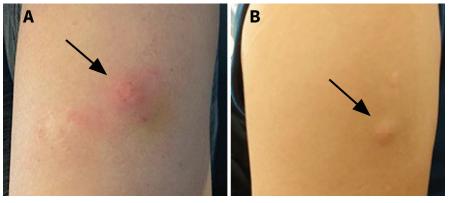


Figure 1: Inflamed and swollen Bacillus Calmette–Guérin scars in (A) a 34-year-old woman and (B) a 45-year-old woman within a week of receiving a dose of BNT162b2 (Pfizer-BioNTech) mRNA vaccine against SARS-CoV-2.

against the lipid-rich mycobacterial cell wall is plausible, although we are not aware of data to suggest that such molecular mimicry occurs.

This phenomenon is likely to be under-reported. However, BCG scar flares after vaccination with current mRNA vaccines against SARS-CoV-2 appear to be benign, as in the cases presented here, and should not alarm physicians, limit vaccinations, nor be a reason for vaccine hesitancy.

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